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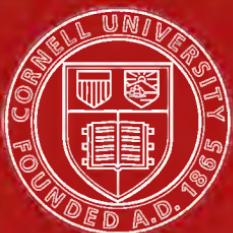
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[Shakespeare-quarto facsimiles]



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THE FAMOUS VICTORIES
OF
HENRY THE FIFTH.
William Shakespeare
THE EARLIEST KNOWN QUARTO,
1598,

A FACSIMILE IN FOTO-LITHOGRAPHY
(FROM THE UNIQUE COPY IN THE BODLEIAN LIBRARY)
BY
CHARLES PRAETORIUS.

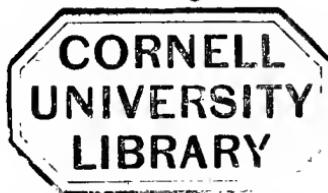
WITH AN INTRODUCTION
BY
P. A. DANIEL.



LONDON :
PRODUCED BY C. PRAETORIUS, 14 CLAREVILLE GROVE,
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1887.

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40 SHAKSPERE QUARTO FACSIMILES,

WITH INTRODUCTIONS, LINE-NUMBERS, &c., BY SHAKSPERE SCHOLARS,
ISSUED UNDER THE SUPERINTENDENCE OF DR. F. J. FURNIVALL.

1. Those by W. Griggs.

No.	No.
1. Hamlet. 1603.	9. Henry IV. 2nd Part. 1600.
2. Hamlet. 1604.	10. Passionate Pilgrim. 1599.
3. Midsummer Night's Dream. 1600. (Fisher.)	11. Richard III. 1597.
4. Midsummer Night's Dream. 1600. (Roberts.)	12. Venus and Adonis. 1593.
5. Loves Labor's Lost. 1598.	13. Troilus and Cressida. 1609.
6. Merry Wives. 1602.	17. Richard II. 1597. Duke of Devonshire's
7. Merchant of Venice. 1600. (Roberts.)	copy. (on stone.)
8. Henry IV. 1st Part. 1598.	

2. Those by C. Prætorius.

14. Much Ado About Nothing. 1600.	23. Titus Andronicus. 1600.
15. Taming of a Shrew. 1594.	30. Sonnets and Lover's Complaint. 1609.
16. Merchant of Venice. 1600. (Heyes.)	31. Othello. 1622.
18. Richard II. 1597. Mr. Huth. (on stone.)	32. Othello. 1630.
19. Richard II. 1608. (fotograft.)	33. King Lear. 1608. Q. ₁ . (N. Butter, Pide Bull.)
20. Richard II. 1634. (fotograft.)	34. King Lear. 1608. Q. ₂ . (N. Butter.)
21. Pericles. 1609. Q. ₁ .	35. Rape of Lucrece. 1594.
22. Pericles. 1609. Q. ₂ .	36. Romeo and Juliet. Undated.
23. The Whole Contention. 1619. Part I. (for 2 Henry VI.).	37. Contention. 1594. (For 2 Henry VI.) (on stone.)
24. The Whole Contention. 1619. Part II. (for 3 Henry VI.).	38. True Tragedy. 1595. (For 3 Henry VI.) (fotograft.)
25. Romeo and Juliet. 1597.	39. The Famous Victories. 1598.
26. Romeo and Juliet. 1599.	40. The Troublesome Raigne. 1591. (For King John: not yet done.)
27. Henry V. 1600.	
28. Henry V. 1608.	

INTRODUCTION.

IN including this Play in the series of *Shakspere-Quarto Facsimiles* it is not, of course, intended to attribute its authorship to William Shakespeare; nor is it included merely because it shadows forth the same series of historic events which he dramatized in his superb trilogy of *Henry the Fourth and Fifth*—that would almost necessarily be the case with any plays treating of the same period of history—its great Shakespearian interest is in the fact that it also offers us what seems to be the germ of the brilliant *comedy* with which Shakespeare enriched the *history*; and accordingly in this poor play we follow the fortunes of the royal hero and the “irregular humourists” his companions, from the scene of the robbery on Gadshill to the final scene of the wooing of fair Katherine of France, with something of the interest a biologist may be supposed to feel in tracing the progress of some low organism to its latest development as a perfect creature; indeed the distance which separates say the Oldcastle of this play and the Falstaff of Shakespeare is about as great; but we nevertheless feel that the two are connected, and that *The Famous Victories* gave the hint for *Henry the Fourth and Fifth*.

It may therefore well claim a place in this series, while its great rarity, and its interest as a specimen of the pre-Shakespearian drama, will be sure to secure for it a hearty welcome.

The earliest direct mention we have of the Play is in the Stationers' Registers, where, on the 14th May, 1594, it is entered to Thomas Creede as “a booke intituled/. *The famous victories of HENRYE the FRYFTH/ conteyninge the honorable battell of Agincourt/*” (Arber's Transcript, II. 648.)

It was then, in all probability, printed; but no earlier edition is known than that of 1598, and of that edition a single copy only—now in the Bodleian Library—has come down to us: it is here reproduced in Facsimile.

The title-page of this 1598 ed. makes no mention of any previous publication; but as it professes to give the play “As it was plaide by the Queenes Maiesties Players,” and as that Company had then long ceased to exist, it may be conjectured to be a mere reprint of a precedent title.

In 1616 Creede, whose copyright this play was, was joined by Bernard Alsop, and in this year their names appear together as the printers of several books—Alsop's for the first time, Creede's for the last. Creede it may be presumed disposed of his business to Alsop in this year.

Next year, 1617, Alsop brought out a new edition of *The Famous Victories*, some copies of which have the following title-page :—

“The | Famous Vic- | tories of Henry | The fifth. | Containing | the Honourable Battell of | Agin-Covrt. | As it was Acted by the Kinges Maiesties | Seruants. | [Ornament] | London, | Imprinted by Barnard Alsop, and are to be sold by | Tymothie Barlow, at his shop in Paules Church- | yard, at the Signe of the Bull-head. | 1617.”

Other copies differ from this in the imprint, which is merely :—

“London | Imprinted by Barnard Alsop, dwelling | in Garter place in Barbican. | 1617.”

Copies of both are in the British Museum: Press mark of the first, C. 34. l. 10.; of the second, C. 34. l. 9.

The text of the Play in both is printed from the same forms, and is identical, except that for the copy having Barlow's name on the title the pages of the inner form of sheet E were misplaced in the press, with the result that the eight pages of this sheet are printed in the following order :—1, 6, 7, 4, 5, 2, 3, 8.

Steevens in the Preliminary Remarks to *Henry V.* (*Var.*, 1821, Vol. XVII., p. 249) says of this play :—

“I have two copies of it in my possession; one without date, (which seems much the elder of the two,) and another, (apparently printed from it,) dated 1617, though printed by Bernard Alsop, (who was printer of the other edition,) and sold by the same person, and at the same place. Alsop appears to have been a printer before the year 1600,” etc.

Steevens is of course quite wrong as regards Alsop, who did not take up his freedom till the 7th Feb., 1610, and probably worked as a journeyman until 1616, when he joined Creede. Barlow, again, did not take up his freedom till the 19th June, 1615. If therefore the “undated” Alsop-Barlow edition was really much the elder, the only way to account for it would be, to suppose that Alsop had got hold of some unsold remainders of Creede's stock, and putting to them a new title-page, passed them off as an edition of his own—a trick of the trade not unknown to nor unpractised by smart publishers at the present day. But I incline to think that Steevens was mistaken with regard to the book, as he certainly was with regard to the printer, and that his “undated” copy was merely a

copy of the 1617 ed. with the date cut off by the binder; for the reprint of the Alsop-Barlow ed. given in Nichols's *Six Old Plays* (a publication undertaken at Steevens's recommendation, and for which he probably supplied the copy) is without date, and I cannot find that it differs in any way, except in the absence of date, from the 1617 edition.* Like most modern reprints, however, Nichols's, not being given line for line and page for page, is of little value for bibliographical purposes, and the literary questions dependent thereon.

It will be noticed that on the title of the 1617 ed. the play is said to be given "As it was Acted by the Kinges Maiesties Seruants": I suspect that Alsop alone is responsible for this statement, and it is charitable to suppose that, with a king on the throne, he considered the change from the "Queenes Maiesties Players" of Creede's title merely a legitimate correction: it is difficult to believe that the king's company, now long in the possession of Shakespeare's *Henry IV and V*, would have retained this poor stuff in their repertoire.

On the fly-leaf of the original of our facsimile are the following MS. notes written apparently at different times by Malone, to whom the book formerly belonged:—

"This play was [first] produced at the Rose theatre on the 28th Nov. 1595. See Henslowe's very curious theatrical Register. It was then the property of the Lord Admiral's Servants (Alleyn's Company), and seems afterwards to have been transferred to the Queen's Servants."

E. M.

I have never seen, nor heard of another copy, of this date. It was reprinted in 1617.

It was originally produced on the stage about the year 1585, or at least some time between that and 1589, for Tarleton the comedian acted the part of the Chief Justice, and he died in Sept. 1588."

This last date has been substituted for "1589," which is blotted out; and in the first line of these notes the word "first," which I have placed in brackets, has been struck through.

It is almost needless to say that these notes were written on insufficient information. The entry in Henslowe's Diary referred to in the first note is thus given by Mr. Collier in his edition published for the *Shakespeare Society*, 1845, p. 61:—

"28 of novmbr 1595, ne R^d at harey the v iiiⁱⁱ vj^s"

* Or it may have been a really undated copy of the 1617 ed.; some titles having been printed off before the absence of the date was discovered. That accidents of this kind occasionally occurred is shown by the title of the 1636 ed. of the old play of *Sir Gyles Goose-cappe* which has recently come under my notice. Some copies of this edition were issued without the date, and there can be no manner of doubt that, with this exception, both the undated and dated copies are absolutely identical.

Mr. Halliwell-Phillipps in his *Outlines*, etc. (6th ed., Vol. II. p. 330) gives it thus:—

"The 28 of Novmbr, 1595, n. e., R. at Harey the v, iij. li. vjs."

The letters *n e* are understood to be Henslowe's sign for *new enterlude*.

It is obvious that this New enterlude or Play could not have been *The Famous Victories* entered to Creede on the 14th May, 1594; nor could it have been transferred to the Queen's Servants, that Company being no longer in existence. Nothing more of this "Harey the V" is known, except that Henslowe records its performance at sundry times between the 28th Nov., 1595 and 15th July, 1596.*

Malone's note on Tarleton's performance of the part of the Chief Justice in *The Famous Victories* is founded on one of the stories given in the second part of 'Tarleton's Jests,' entered in the Stationers' Registers, 4th August, 1600; though no earlier edition of the book is known than that of 1611. I quote it from the Shakespeare Society's reprint, edited by Mr. Halliwell, 1844, p. 24:—

"*An excellent jest of Tarlton suddenly spoken.*

At the Bull at Bishops-gate was a play of Henry the fift, wherein the judge was to take a box on the eare; and because he was absent that should take the blow, Tarlton himselfe, ever forward to please, tooke upon him to play the same judge, besides his owne part of the clowne: and Knel, then playing Henry the fift, hit Tarlton a sound boxe indeed, which made the people laugh the more because it was he, but anon the judge goes in, and immediately Tarlton in his clownes cloathes comes out, and askes the actors what newes: O saith one hadst thou been here, thou shouldest have seene Prince Henry hit the judge a terrible box on the eare: What, man, said Tarlton, strike a judge? It is true, yfaith, said the other. No other like, said Tarlton, and it could not be but terrible to the judge, when the report so terrifies me, that me thinkes the blowe remaines still on my cheeke, that it burns againe. The people laught at this mightily: and to this day I have heard it commended for rare; but no marvell, for he had many of these. But I would see our clowns in these dayes do the like: no, I warrant ye, and yet they thinke well of themselves to."

* Mr. Collier in his note on this entry does indeed remark that—"It is possible that it was Shakespeare's *Henry V.*, founded upon *The Famous Victories*;" but I believe he never afterwards referred to this conjecture as being either possible or probable: it is certainly neither one nor the other. Mr. F. G. Fleay has, however, suggested to me that this 1595 *Harey the V.* may have been a rifacimento of *The Famous Victories*, and a possible link between it and the Shakespeare series: he has pointed out to me that several Queen's Company's plays did come into Henslowe's possession on the partial breaking up of that Company in 1591-2—such as Greene's *Orlando*, *Friar Bacon*, etc.—and were entered in the Stationers' Registers and printed in 1594, on the final retirement of the Queen's Company in that year. *The Famous Victories* may have been among these, and its re-vamping in 1595 may have entitled it, in Henslowe's estimation, to be called a *New Enterlude*.

A complete absence of anything like point, wit, or humour is the chief characteristic of this collection of 'Jests,' and the above may be taken as an instance of the author's method of marring a curious tale in telling it; for it was physically impossible for Tarleton to double the parts of Derrick and the Chief Justice in a scene in which both appeared * (see sc. iv. of Facsimile); nevertheless it seems probable that the *Henry the Fift* play here mentioned was our *Famous Victories*: Tarleton was from the first a member of the Queen's Company, which was formed in 1583, and *The Famous Victories*, if we may believe the title-page, was a Queen's Company's Play. He died 3 Sept., 1588; and the inference therefore is that *The Famous Victories* was produced within the period included by these two dates. Of Knell, who played the part of the Prince, though the name is known as that of a distinguished actor, nothing is known which would enable us to fix a more precise date for the play.

Another supposed reference to our play is found in Nashe's *Pierce Peniless* (1592), where, in lashing those "shallow-brayned censurers," "collians" and "club-fisted usurers" who objected to plays, he says of them:—

"Al arts to them are vanitie: and, if you tell them what a glorious thing it is to have Henry the Fifth represented on the stage, leading the French king prisoner, and forcing both him and the Dolphin sware fealtie, I, but (will they say), what doo we get by it?" etc. (p. 60, Sh. Soc., ed. Collier, 1842.)

This may probably refer to the last scene of *The Famous Victories*, where Harry swears Burgundy and the Dolphin on his sword to be true to him.

Here, as errors cannot be too frequently corrected, I may note that the late Mr. Collier in his extremely valuable edition of *Henslowe's Diary*, printed for the Shakespeare Society, 1845, gives on page 26 the following entry:—

"Rd at harey the Vth, the 14 of maye 1592 . . . 1^s"

On this he notes that—"Malone takes no notice of this play, which at least was the same in subject as Shakespeare's work. Possibly he read it 'Harey the VI.', but it is clearly 'Harey the Vth.' This is the piece to which Nash alluded in his *Pierce Penniless*, published in 1592; and 'The famous Victories of Henry V.' was entered at Stationers' Hall to be printed in 1594. Malone was not aware that any such historical drama was mentioned by Henslowe."

* Yet Malone would seem to have thought it possible, for in the notes at the end of *1 Henry IV.*, Vol. XVI. p. 414, *Var.*, 1821, he remarks that Tarleton "was much admired in the parts both of the *Clown* and the *Chief Justice*."

The previous and subsequent entries in the Diary of the performances of "harey the vj" might have been sufficient to warn Mr. Collier that he was in error in reading the entry of the 14th May, 1592, as 'harey the vth'; but Dr. Furnivall has set the matter beyond doubt: he examined the original MS. at Dulwich, and in a note to his Introduction to the *Leopold Shakspere*, p. liv, he tells us that the entry "is as plainly 'harey the 6th' as ever it can be." "I showd," says he, "the entry to Dr. Carver, the Master of the College, on the 31st Jan., 1874, and he said '6th. No doubt about it.'"

Mr. Collier then must have been deceived by the copy of the MS. which was supplied to him for the Shakespeare Society's publication, for the text of which, it afterwards appeared, he was not responsible, but only for the notes he wrote commenting on the several entries. However this may be, it is at any rate satisfactory to have this error cleared away from the little that is known of the history of *The Famous Victories*.

The 1598 edition of the play was reprinted (with some lapses), for the first time I believe, in Mr. W. C. Hazlitt's edition of *Shakespeare's Library*, 1875, Part II. Vol. I. An undated copy of the 1617 edition is reprinted in Nichols's *Six Old Plays*, 1779.

The variations of the later edition are not great and for the most part accidental: I give a list of all such as are worth noting.

Sc. i. l. 47—	<i>look]</i> om. Q2.
", l. 64—	<i>robd]</i> om. Q2.
", l. 65—	<i>were of them]</i> <i>were there of them</i> Q2.
Sc. ii. l. 8—	<i>lanes]</i> <i>lane</i> Q2.
", l. 14—	<i>met]</i> <i>meet</i> Q2.
", l. 32—	<i>aislf]</i> <i>aylest</i> Q2.
Sc. iv. l. 30—	<i>rase]</i> <i>race</i> Q2.
", l. 58—	<i>Der.]</i> speech given to <i>Jud.</i> Q2.
", l. 66—	<i>Well my Lord,]</i> <i>Well my Lord once againe,</i> Q2.
", l. 66, 7—	<i>my man]</i> <i>him</i> Q2.
", l. 68, 9—	<i>the law must passe on him, according to law and jus-</i> <i>According to iustice, then } tice he must be hangd.</i> <i>he must be executed.</i> Q2.

[Mem. It will be noticed in this Sc. iv. that the three speeches comprised in lines 64-69 of Q1 are little more than a repetition of the three speeches comprised in the preceding lines 58-63: the readings of Q2 here noted seem to have been made for the purpose of giving variety to what in Q1 I take to be a mere accidental repetition.]

Sc. vi. l. 27—	<i>a bout]</i> <i>about</i> Q2.
", l. 133, 4—	<i>company]</i> <i>companions</i> Q2.
Sc. vii. l. 2—	<i>thinke ile]</i> <i>think it ile</i> Q2.
", l. 4—	<i>Do D.]</i> <i>DOD.</i> Q2.

Sc. ix.	l. 51—	<i>saisf] sayest Q2.</i>
"	l. 71—	<i>inough] om. Q2.</i>
"	l. 86—	<i>And And] And Q2.</i>
"	l. 94—	<i>My Lord . . . France.] om. Q2.</i>
"	l. 110—	<i>Into] unto Q2.</i>
"	l. 179—	<i>it it] if it Q2.</i>
"	l. 192—	<i>hau[] hath Q2.</i>
Sc. x.	l. 1—	<i>there's] there is Q2.</i>
"	l. 11—	<i>to] for to Q2.</i>
"	l. 28—	<i>here he shakes her.] As a stage-direction, in Italic. Q2.</i>
Sc. xi.	l. 55—	<i>all] om. Q2.</i>
Sc. xii.	l. 32—	<i>saisf] sayest Q2.</i>
Sc. xiii.	l. 11—	<i>thou] you Q2.</i>
"	l. 42—	<i>Why, who] Who Q2.</i>
Sc. xiv.	l. 18—	<i>or a] or an Q2.</i>
"	l. 53—	<i>maisf] mayest Q2.</i>
"	l. 68—	<i>is it] it is Q2.</i>
Sc. xv.	l. 10—	<i>Maiesties] Majestie Q2.</i>
Sc. xviii.	l. 6—	<i>it you] your Q 2.</i>
"	l. 83—	<i>you] your Grace Q2.</i>
Sc. xix.	l. 58—	<i>knowsf] knowest Q2.</i>

There is no division of the play into acts and scenes in the 1617 ed. any more than in that from which our Facsimile is made. For convenience of reference I have divided it into twenty consecutive scenes, numbering the lines of each scene separately; stage-directions, entries, and exits not counted.

P. A. DANIEL.

March 1, 1887.

ROMEO AND JULIET, UNDATED QUARTO.

CORRECTIONS.

- p. 5, l. 101, *read hands*
p. 8, l. 195, *dele* † on inner margin.
p. 84, l. 193, *read to ward*

Affix † to the following lines :

p. 4, l. 32.	p. 43, l. 92.
p. 8, l. 155.	p. 43, l. 115.
p. 9, l. 224.	p. 46, l. 189. Pers.
p. 9, l. 233. Pers.	p. 46, l. 13.
p. 15, l. 23. Pers.	p. 56, l. 23.
p. 20, l. 83.	p. 59, l. 105.
p. 23, l. 12.	p. 62, l. 217.
p. 23, l. 28.	p. 66, l. 121.
p. 29, l. 2.	p. 69, l. 49.
p. 29, l. 9.	p. 71, l. 9.
p. 30, l. 26.	p. 71, l. 15.
p. 33, l. 35.	p. 73, l. 100. Stg. dir.
p. 36, l. 191.	p. 77, l. 76.
p. 37, l. 11.	p. 79, l. 22.
p. 38, l. 43.	p. 83, l. 163.
p. 40, l. 23.	p. 83, l. 176.
p. 42, l. 75.	p. 85, l. 232.

POSTSCRIPT.

IN justice to the University Press, Oxford, at which this Facsimile has been produced, it should be stated that the few defects which mar its general excellence are entirely due to the damaged condition of the unique original.

These defects are:—

Title-page: The word THE at the top of page almost entirely cut away.

Running-title completely cut away throughout the greater part of the book; only on the first few pages is there sufficient left to show that it was originally 'The famous victories | of Henry the fifth.'

Leaf D 1, torn and imperfectly mended, resulting in the injury on page 25 of lines 5 and 6 of Sc. ix. and on page 26 of line 37 and the entrance line immediately following it.

Leaf D 3, torn and imperfectly mended, resulting in the injury on page 29 of the last three words of line 146 and on page 30 of words in lines 177 to 181.

The damaged passages are, however, decipherable.

Leaf G 2, page 51, the bottom corner torn away and the catch-word injured. It was either *Fren.* or *French.*

P. A. DANIEL.

July 23, 1887.

FAMOUS VICTORIES OF HENRY THE FIFTH:

Containing the Honourable Battell of Agin-court:

As it was plaide by the Queenes Majesties Players.



LONDON
Printed by Thomas Creede, 1598.



The Famous Victories of Henry the fifth, Containing the Hono- rable Battell of Agin-court.

Enter the yoong Prince, Ned, and Tom.

Henry the fifth.

Sc. I.

Come away Ned and Tom.

Both. Here my Lord.

Henr. 5. Come away my Lads :

Tell me sirs, how much gold haue you got ?

Ned. Faith my Lord, I haue got ffe hundred pound.

Hen. 5. But tell me Tom, how much hast thou got ?

Tom. Faith my Lord, some foure hundred pound.

Hen. 5. Foure hundred pounds, haueily spoken Lads.

But tell me sirs, thinke you not that it was a villainous
part of me to rob my fathers Receiuers ?

Ned. Why no my Lord, it was but a tricke of yowsh.

Hen. 5. Faith Ned thou sayest true.

But tell me sirs, whereabouts are we ?

Tom. My Lord, we are now about a mile off London.

Hen. 5. But sirs, I maruell that sir John Old-castle
Comes not away : Hounds see where he comes.

Enters Lockey.

How now Lockey, what newes with thee ?

Lockey. Faith my Lord, such newes as passeth,
For the Bowne of Detfort is risen,

A 2

With

4

8

12

16

Sc. I.

THE FAMOUS VICTORS

With hue and crie after your man,
which parted from vs the last night,
And has set upon, and hath robd a pore Carrier.

Hen. 5. Sownes, the vilaine that was wont to spic
Out our booties.

Lock. I my Lord, euen the very same.

Hen. 5. Now base minded rascal to rob a pore carrier,
Wel it skils not, ile saue the base vilaines life :

I may: but tel me Lockey, wherabout be the Receivers?

Lock. Faith my Lord, they are hard by,
But the best is, we are a horse backe and they be a fote,
So we may escape them.

Hen. 5. Wel, I the vilaines come, let me alone with
them.

But tel me Lockey, how much gots thou from the knaues?
For I am sure I got something, for one of the vilaines
So beland me about the shoulders,
As I shal feele it this moneth.

Lock. Faith my Lord, I haue got a hundred pound.

Hen. 5. A hundred pound, now brauely spoken Lockey:
But come sirs, laie al your money before me,
Now by heauen here is a braue shewe :
But as I am true Gentleman, I wil haue the halfe
Of this spent to night, but sirs take vp your bags,
Here comes the Receivers, let me alone.

Enters two Receivers.

One. Alas god fellow, what shal we do?
I dare never go home to the Court, for I shall be hangd.
But looke, here is the yong Prince, what shal we do?

Hen. 5. How now you vilaines, what are you?

One Recci. Speake you to him.

Other. So I pray, speake you to him.

Hen. 5. Why how now you rascals, why speake you not?

One. Forsooth we be. Pray speake you to him.

Hen. 5. Sownes, vilaines speak, or ile cut off your heads.

Other.

THE TITLES.

- Other. Forsooth he can tel the tale better then I.
One Forsooth we be your fathers Receiuers.
Hen. 5. Are you my fathers Receiuers?
Then I hope ye haue brought me some money.
One. Money, Alas sir we be robd.
Hen. 5. Robd, how many were there of them?
One. Harry sir, there were fours of them:
And one of them had sir John Old-Castles bay Hobbie,
And your blacke Nag.
Hen. 5. Gogs wounds, how like you this Lockey?
Blood you vilaines: my father robd of his money abzoad,
And we robd in our stables.
But tell me, how many were of them?
One recei. If it please you, there were fours of them,
And there was one about the bignesse of you:
But I am sure I so belambd him about the shoulders,
That he wil feele it this month.
Hen. 5. Gogs wounds you lant them faierly,
So that they haue carried away your money.
But come sirs, what shall we do with the vilaines?
Both recei. I beseech your grace, be god to vs.
Ned. I pray you my Lord forgiue them this once.
Well stand vp and get you gone,
And looke that you speake not a word of it,
For if there be, swynes ile hang you and all your kin.
Exit Purseuant.
Hen. 5. Now sirs, how like you this?
Was not this brauely done?
For now the vilaines dare not speake a word of it,
I haue so feared them with words.
Now whither shall we goe?
All. Why my Lord, you know our old hostes
At Feuerham.
Hen. 5. Our hostes at Feuerham, blood what shal we do
We haue a thousand pound about vs, (there:
A 3 And

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Sc. I.

THE FAMOUS VICTORIES

88

And we shall go to a pettie Ale-house,
 No, no : you know the olde Tauerne in Eastcheape,
 There is good wine : besides, there is a prettie wench
 That can talke well, soz I delight as much in their songes,
 As any part about them.

92

All. We are readie to waite vpon your grace.

96

Hen. 5. Goggs wounds wait, we will go altogether,
 We are all fellowes, I tell you sirs, and the King
 My father were dead, we would be all Kings,
 Therefore come away.

Ned. Goggs wounds, brauely spoken Harry.

Enter John Cobler, Robin Pewterer, Lawrence
 Costernonger.

John Cob. All is well here, all is well maisters.

Robin. How say you neighbour John Cobler?

I thinke it best that my neighbour

Robin Pewterer went to Pudding lane end,

And we will watch here at Billingsgate ward,

How say you neighbour Robin, how like you this?

Robin. Marry well neighbours:

I care not much if I goe to Pudding lanes end,

But neighbours, and you heare any adoe about me,

Make halfe: and if I heare any ado about you,

I will come to you.

Exit Robin.

Law. Neighboz, what newes heare you of y young Prince:

John. Marry neighbour, I heare say, he is a toward yong

For if he met any by the hie way, (Prince,

He will not let to talke with him,

I dare not call him thise, but sure he is one of these taking

(fellowes.

Law. Indeed neighbour I heare say he is as lively
 A young Prince as euer was.

John. I, and I heare say, if he vle it long,
 His father will cut him off from the Crowne:

But

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V I A T U M Y C L I C T I I L I I .

But neighbour say nothing of that.

Law. No, no, neighbour, I warrant you.

John. Neighbour, me thinkes you begin to sleepe,
If you will, we will sit down,
For I thinke it is about midnight.

Law. Harry content neighbour, let vs sleepe.

Enter Dericke rousing.

Dericke. Who, who there, who there?

Exit Dericke.

Enter Robin.

Robin. O neighbours, what meane you to sleepe,
And such ado in the streetes?

Ambo. How now neighbor, whats the matter?

Enter Dericke againe.

Dericke. Who there, who there, who there?

Cobler. Why what ailest thou? here is no horses.

Dericke. O alas man, I am robd, who there, who there?

Robin. Hold him neighbor Cobler.

Robin. Why I see thou art a plaine Clowne.

Dericke. Am I a Clowne, sownes maisters,
Do Clownes go in silke apparell?

I am sure all we gentlemen Clownes in Kent scant go so
Well: Sownes you know clownes very well:
Hearre you, are you maister Constable, and you be speake?
For I will not take it at his hands.

John. Faith I am not maister Constable,
But I am one of his bad officers, for he is not here.

Dericke. Is not maister Constable here?

Well it is no matter, ile haue the law at his hands.

John. Nay I pray you do not take the law of vs.

Der. Well, you are one of his beastly officers.

John. I am one of his bad officers.

Der. Why then I charge thys looke to him.

Cobler. Nay but heare ye sir, you seeme to be an honest
Fellow, and we are poore men, and now tis night:

And

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THE TAILOURS VICTORIES

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And we would be loth to haue any thing adw,
Therefore I pray thee put it vp.

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Der. First, thou saiest true, I am an honest fellow,
And a proper hanseme fellow too,
And you seeme to be pore men, therfore I care not greatly,
Nay, I am quickly pacified:
But and you chancie to spie the theefe,
I pray you laie hold on him.

60

Robin. Yes that we wil, I warrant you.

64

Der. Tis a wonderful thing to see how glad the knaus
Is, now I haue forgiuen him.

John. Neighbores do ye looke about you?
How now, who's there?

Enter the Theefe.

Theefe. Here is a god fellow, I pray you which is the
Way to the old Tauerne in Eastcheape?

68

Der. Whope hollo, now Gads Hill, knowest thou me?

Theef. I know thee soz an alle.

72

Der. And I know thee soz a taking fellow,
Upon Gads hill in Kent:
A bote light vpon ye.

Theef. The whorson vilaine would be knockt,

Der. Daisters, vilaine, and ye be men stand to him,
And take his weapon from him, let him not passe you.

76

John. My friend, what make you abrood now?
It is too late to walke now.

Theef. It is not too late soz true men to walke.

Law. We know thee not to be a true man.

80

Theef. Why what do you meane to do with me?
Sownes I am one of the kings liege people.

Der. Yeare you sir, are you one of the kings liege people?

Theef. I marry am I sir, what say you to it?

84

Der. Marry sir, I say you are one of the kings stiching
Cob. Come, come, lets haue him alway. (people.)

Theef. Why what haue I done?

Robin.

Robin. Thou hast robd a poore fellow,
And taken away his gods from him.

Theefe. I never salwe him before.

Der. Maisters who comes here?

Enter the Vintners boy.

Boy. How now god man Cobler?

Cob. How now Robin, what makes thou abroad
At this time of night?

Boy. Marrie I haue béene at the Counter,
I can tell such newes as never you haue heard the like.

Cobler. What is that Robin, what is the matter?

Boy. Why this night about two houres ago, there came
the young Prince, and thre o^r foure more of his compa-
nions, and called for wine god stoe, and then they sent for a
noyle of Musitians, and were very merry for the space of
an houre, then whether their Musickle liked them not, o^r
whether they had drunke too much Wine o^r no, I cannot
tell, but our pots flue against the wals, and then they drew
their swordes, and went into the streete and fought, and
some tooke one part, & some tooke another, but for the space
of halfe an houre, there was such a bloodie fray as pasleth,
and none coulde part them vntill such time as the Maio^r
and Sherriffe were sent for, and then at the last with much
ado, they tooke them, and so the yong Prince was carried
to the Counter, and then about one houre after, there came
a Messenger from the Court in all hast from the King, for
my Lord Maio^r and the Sherriffe, but for what cause I
know not.

Cobler. Here is newes indeede Robert.

Law. Marrie neighbour, this newes is strange indeede,
I thinke it best neighbour, to rid our hands of this fellowe
first.

Theefe. What meane you so doe with me?

Cobler. We mean to carry you to the prison, and there
to remaine till the Hellions day,

B

Theefe

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Sc. II.

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Theef. Then I pray you let me go to the prison where
my master is.

Cob. Nay thou must go to þ country prison, to newgate,
Therefore come away.

124

Theef. I prethe be good to me honest fellow.

Der. I marry will I, ile be verie charitable to thē,
For I will never leue thē, til I see thē on the Gallowes.

Sc. III.

Enter Henry the fourth, with the Earle of E: eter,
and the Lord of Oxford.

Oxf. And please your Maiestie, here is my Lord Ma-
ior and the Sheriffe of London, to speak with your Mai-

K. Hen.4. Admit them to our presence. (Lie.

4

Enter the Maior and the Sheriffe.

8

Now my god Lord Maior of London,
The cause of my sending for you at this time, is to tel you
of a matter which I haue learned of my Councell: Herein
I understand, that you haue committed my sonne to prison
without our leave and license. What althogh he be a rude
youth, and likely to giue occasion, yet you might haue con-
sidered that he is a Prince, and my sonne, and not to be
halled to prison by every subiect.

12

Maior. Nay it please your Maiestie to give vs leave to
tell our tale?

16

King Hen.4. Byt else God for bid, otherwise you might
thinke me an unequall Judge, having moxe affection to
my sonne, then to any rightfull indgement.

20

Maior. Then I do not doubt but we shal rather deserue
commendations at your Maiesties hands, then any anger.

24

K. Hen.4. Go too, say on.

Maior. Then if it please your Maiestie, this night be-
twixt two and thre of the clocke in the morning, my Lord
the yong Prince with a very disordred compaines, came to
the old Towerne in Eastcheape, and whether it was that
their Sullicke liked them not, or whether they were ouers-
come with wine, I know not, but they drew their swords,
and

and into the streefe they went, and some tooke my Lord the yong Princes part, and some tooke the other, but beswixt them there was such a bloodie fray for the space of halfe an houre, that neither Watchmē nor any other could stey the, till my brother the Sheriff of London & I were sent for, and at the last with much ado we staled them, but it was long first, which was a great disquieting to all your louing subiects theraboutis: and then my god Lord, we knew not whether your grace had sent them to trie vs, whether we would doo iustice, or whether it were of their owne voluntarie will or not, we cannot tell: and therefore in such a case we knew not what to do, but for our oton safegard vs sent him to ward, where he wanteth nothing that is fit for his grace, and your Maiesties sonne. And thus most humbly beseeching your Maiestie to thinke of our answere.

Hen. 4. Stand aside vntill we haue further deliberated on your answere,

Exit Maior.

Hen. 4. Ah Harry, Harry, now thyre accursed Harry,
What hath gotten a sonne, which with grāfe
Will end his fathers dayes.
Oh my sonne, a Prince thou art, I a Prince indeed,
And to deserue imprisonment,
And well haue they done, and like faithfull subiects:
Discharge them and let them go.

L.Exc. I beseech your Grace, be god to my Lord the yong Prince.

Hen. 4. Nay,nay,tis no master,let him alone.

L.Oxf. Perchance the Maior and the Sheriff haue bene too pretie in this matter.

Hen. 4. No: they haue done like faithfull subiects:
I will go my selfe to discharge them, and let them go.

Exit omnes.

Enter Lord chiefe Justice, Clarke of the Office, Tayler,
John Cobler, Dericke, and the Theefe.

B 2

Judge.

Sc. IV.

Judge. Tayler bring the prisoner to the barre.
 Der. Heare you my Lord, I pray you bring the bar to
 the prisoner.

4 Judge. Hold thy hand vp at the barre.

Theefe. Here it is my Lord.

Judge. Clearke of the Office, reade his indictment.

Cleark. What is thy name?

8 Theefe. My name was knowne before I came here,
 And shall be when I am gone, I warrant you.

Judge. I, I thinke so, but we will know it better before
 thou go.

12 Der. Downes and you do but send to the next Jail,
 We are sure to know his name,
 For this is not the first prison he hath bene in, Ile warrant
 Clearke. What is thy name? (you.)

16 Theef. What need you to aske, and haue it in writing.
 Clearke. Is not thy name Cutbert Cuttere?

Theefe. What the Diuell need you ask, and know it so
 well.

20 Cleark. Why then Cutbert Cutter, I indite shē by the
 name of Cutbert Cutter, for robbing a poore carrier the 20
 day of May last past, in the fourteene yeare of the raigne of
 our soueraigne Lord King Henry the fourth, for setting
 upon a poore Carrier upon Gads hill in Kene, and having
 beaten and wounded the said Carrier, and taken his goods
 from him.

28 Der. Oh maisters say there, nay lets never belie the
 man, for he hath not beaten and wounded me also, but he
 hath beaten and wounded my packe, and hath taken the
 great rase of Ginger, that bouncing Besse with the iolly
 buttocks should haue had, that greeues me most.

32 Judge. Well, what sayest thou, art thou guiltie, or not
 guiltie?

Theefe. Not guiltie, my Lord,

Judge. By whom wilt thou be tried?

Theefe.

Theefe. By my Lord the young Prince, or by my selfe
whether you will.

36

Enter the young Prince, with Ned and Tom.

Hen. 5. Come away my lads, Gogs wounds ye villain,
what make you here? I must goe about my busynesse my
selfe, and you must stand loytering here.

40

Theefe. Why my Lord, they haue bound me, and will
not let me goe.

Hen. 5. Haue they bound thee villain, why how now my
Lord?

44

Judge. I am glad to see your grace in good health.

Hen. 5. Why my Lord, this is my man,
Eis maruell you knew him not long before this,
I tell you he is a man of his hands.

48

Theefe. I Gogs wounds that I am, try me who dare

Judge. Your Grace shal finde small credit by acknowledg
ing him to be your man.

Hen. 5. Why my Lord, what hath he done? (Carrier.

52

Iud. And it please your Maiestie, he hath robbed a poze

Der. Hearre you sir, marry it was one Dericke,
Goodman Hobling; man of Kent.

Hen. 5. What wast you butter-bréech?
Of my word my Lord, he did it but in iest.

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Der. Hearre you sir, is it your mans qualitie to rob folkes
in iest? In faith, he shall be hangd in earnest.

Hen. 5. Well my Lord, what do you meane to do with
my man?

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Judg. And please your grace, she law must passe on him,
According to iustice, then he must be executed.

Der. Hearre you sir, I pray you, is it your mans quality
to rob folkes in iest? In faith he shall be hangd in iest.

64

Hen. 5. Well my Lord, what meane you to do with my
man?

Judg. And please your grace the law must passe on him,
According to iustice, then he must be executed.

68

Sc. IV.

70 Hen. 5. Why then belike you meane to hang my man?
 Judge. I am sorie that it falleth out so.

72 Hen. 5. Why my Lord, I pray ye who am I?
 Iud. And please your Grace, you are my Lord the young
 Prince, our King that shall be after the decease of our soue-
 raigne Lord, King Henry the fourth, whom God graunt
 76 long to raigne.

78 Hen. 5. You say true my Lord:
 And you will hang my man.

80 Judge. And like your grace, I must needs do iustice.

82 Hen. 5. Tell me my Lord, shall I haue my man?

84 Judge. I cannot my Lord.

86 Hen. 5. But will you not let him go?

Iud. I am sorie that his case is so ill.

88 Hen. 5. Tush, case me no casings, shal I haue my man?

Judge. I cannot, nor I may not my Lord.

90 Hen. 5. Say, and I hal not say, & then I am answered:

Judge. No.

92 Hen. 5. No: then I will haue him,

He giueth him a boxe on the eare.

Ned. Goggs woundes my Lord, shal I cut off his head?

94 Hen. 5. No, I charge you draw not your swords,
 But get you hence, provide a noyse of Musitians,
 Away, be gone.

96 Exeunt the Theefe.

Judge. Well my Lord, I am content to take it at your
 hands.

98 Hen. 5. Say and you be not, you shall haue more.

Judge. Why I pray you my Lord, who am I?

100 Hen. 5. You, who knowes not you?

Why man, you are Lord chiefe Justice of England.

Judge. Your Grace hath said truch, therfore in striking
 me in this place, you greatly abuse me, and not me onely,
 but also your father: whose lively person here in this place
 I do represent. And therfore to teach you what preroga-
 tives

Sc. IV.

tines meane, I commit you to the Fleet, vntill we haue
Spoken with your father.

Hen.5. Why then belike you meane to send me to the
Fleet?

Judge. I indeed, and therfore carry him away.

Exeunt Hen.5. with the Officers.

Judge. Tayler, carry the prisoner to Newgate againe,
vntill the next Syses.

Lay. At your commandement my Lord, it shalbe done.

Enter Dericke and John Cobler.

Der. Howdys maisters, heres adw,
Whan Princes must go to prison:
Why John, didst ever see the like?

John. O Dericke, trus me, I never saw the like. (ler.

Der. Why John thou maist see what princes be in choll
A Judge a boxe on the eare, He tel the John, O John,
I would not haue done it for twentie shillings.

John. So no I, there had bene no way but one with
We shold haue bene hangde. (vs,

Der. Faith John, He tel thee what, thou shalt be my
Lord chife Justice, and thou shalt sit in the chaire,
And ile be the yong prince, and hit thee a boxe on the eare,
And then thou shalt say, to teach you what prerogatiues
Meane, I commit you to the Fleet.

John. Come on, He be your Judge,
But thou shalt not hit me hard.

Der. No, no.

John. What hath he done?

Der. Marry he hath robd Dericke.

John. Why then I cannot let him go.

Der. I must needs haue my man.

John. You shall not haue him.

Der. Shall I not haue my man, say no and you daret
Dew say you, shall I not haue my man?

John. So marry shall you not,

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Sc. V.

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Der.

Sc. V.

Der. Shall I not John?
John. No Dericke.

Der. Why then take you that till moze come,
Downes, shall I not haue him?

John. Well I am content to take this at your hand,
But I pray you, who am I?

Der. Who art thou, Downes, doost not know thy selfe?
John. No.

Der. Now away simple fellow,
Why man, thou art John the Cobler.

John. No, I am my Lord chiefe Justice of England.

Der. Oh John, Dalle thou saist true, thou art indeed.

John. Why then to teach you what prezogatiues mean
I commit you to the Fleete.

Der. Well I will go, but yfaith you gray beard knaue,
Exit. And straighe enters again. (He course you.
Oh John, Come, come out of thy chair, why what a clown
wearest thou, to let me hit thee a box on the eare, and now
thou seest they will not take me to the Fleete, I thinke that
thou art one of these Wlozenday Clownes.

John. But I maruell what will become of thee?

Der. Faith he be no moze a Carrier.

John. What wilt thou do then?

Der. He dwelleth with thee and be a Cobler.

John. With me, alasse I am not able to keape thee,
Why thou wilt eate me out of doores.

Der. Oh John, no John, I am none of these great slow-
ching fellowes, that deuoure these great peeces of bæse and
brewes, alasse a trifle serues me, a Woodcocke, a Chicken,
or a Capons legge, or any such little thing serues me.

John. a Capon, why man, I cannot get a Capon once a
yeare, except it be at Chistmas, at some other mans house,
for we Coblers be glad of a dish of rotes.

Der. Rotes, why are you so good at roting?
Pay Cobler, wæle haue you ringde.

John But Dericke, though we be so poore,
Yet wil we haue in stoe a crab in the fire,
With nut-brown Ale, that is full stale,
Which wil a man quale, and late in the mire.

Der. A bote on you, and be but for your Ale,
I dwel with you, come lets away as fast as we can.

Exeunt.

Enter the yoong Prince ,with Ned and Tom.

Hen.5. Come away sirs, Gogs wounds Ned,
Didst thou not see what a bore on the eare
I tooke my Lord chiese Justice?

Tom. By gogs blod it did me god to see it,
It made his teeth iarde in his head.

Enter sir John Old-Castle.

Hen.5. How now sir Iohn Old-Castle,
What newes with you ?

Ioh.Old. I am glad to see your grace at libertie,
I was come I, to visit you in prison.

Hen.5. To visit me, didst thou not know that I am a
Princes son , why tis inough for me to looke into a prison,
though I come not in my selfe, but heres such adoe now a
dayes,heres prisoning,heres hanging , whipping, and the
duvel and all : but I tel you sirs, when I am King, we will
haue no such things, but my lads, if the old king my father
were dead, we would be all kings.

Ioh.Old. Her is a god olde man , God take him to his
mercy the sooner.

Hen.5. But Ned, so soone as I am King, the first thing
I wil do, shal be to put my Lord chiese Justice out of office,
And thou shalt be my Lord chiese Justice of England.

Ned. Shall I be Lord chiese Justice?
By gogs wounds, ile be the brauest Lord chiese Justice
That ever was in England.

Hen.5. Then Ned, ile turne all these prisons into fence
Schooles, and I will endue thes with them, with landes to
main-

28 maintaine them withall : then I wil haue a bout with my
 Lord chiefe Justice, thou shalt hang none but picke purses
 and horse stealer's, and such base minded villaines, but that
 fellow that will stand by the high way side couragiously
 32 with his sword and buckler and take a purse, that fellow
 gine him commenradions, beside that, send him to me and
 I will giue him an anuell pension out of my Exchequer, to
 maineaigne him all the dayes of his life.

36 Ioh. Nobly spoken Harry, we shall never haue a mery
 world til the old king be dead.

Ned. But whither are ye going now?

Hen. 5. To the Court, for I heare say, my father lies ver-
 rile sickle.

40 Tom. But I doubt he wil not die.

Hen. 5. Yet will I goe thither, for the breseth shal be no
 sooner out of his mouth, but I wil clap the Crowne on my
 head.

44 Lockey. Wil you goe to the Court with that cloake so
 full of needles?

Hen. 5. Cloake, slat-holes, needles, and all was of mine
 owne deuising, and therfore I wil weare it.

48 Tom. I pray you my Lord, what may be the meaning
 thereof?

Hen. 5. Why man, tis a signe that I stand vpon thorns,
 til the Crowne be on my head.

52 Ioh. D^r that every needle might be a prick to their harts
 that repine at your doings.

56 Hen. 5. Thou saist true Lockey, but thers some wil say,
 the yong Prince will be a well toward yong man and all
 this gearre, that I had as leue they would breake my head
 with a pot, as to say any such thing, but we stand prating
 here too long, I must needs speake with my father, therfore
 come away.

60 Porter. What a rapping keep you at the Kings Court
 gate?

Hen. 5

Hen.5. Heres one that must speake with the King.

Por. The King is verie sick, and none must speak with him.

Hen.5. So you rascall, do you not know me?

Por. You are my Lord the yong Prince,

Hen.5. Then goe and tell my father, that I must and will speake with him.

Ned. Shall I cut off his head?

Hen.5. No, no, though I would helpe you in other places, yet I haue nothing to do here, what you are in my fathers Court.

Ned. I will write him in my Tables, so so lone as I am made Lord chiefe Justice, I wil put him out of his Office.

The Trumpet sounds.

Hen.5. Gogs wounds sirs, the King comes,
Letts all stand aside.

Enter the King, with the Lord of Exeter.

Hen.4. And is it true my Lord, that my sonne is already sent to the Fleete? now truly that man is moze fitter to rule the Realme then I, for by no meanes could I rule my sonne, and he by one word hath caused him to be ruled. Oh my sonne, my sonne, no sooner out of one prison, but into another, I had thought once whiles I had liued, to haue seene this noble Realme of England flourish by thys my sonne, but now I see it goes to ruine and deacie.

He wepeth.

Enters Lord of Oxford.

Ox. And please your grace, here is my Lord your sonne, That commeth to speake with you, He saith, he must and wil speake with you.

Hen.4. Who my sonne Harry?

Oxf. I and please your Maiestie.

Hen.4. I know wherefores he commeth, But looke that none come with him.

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Sc. VI.

Oxf. A verie disordered company, and such as make
Clerie ill rule in your Maesties house.

96 Hen.4. Well let him come,
But looke that none come with him.

He goeth.

Oxf. And please your grace,
My Lord the King, sends for you.

Hen.5. Come away sirs,lets go all togither.

100 Oxf. And please your grace,none must go with you.
Hen.5. Why I must needs haue them with me,
Otherwise I can do my fathur no countenance,
Therefore come away.

104 Oxf. The King your fathur commandes
There shold none come.

Hen.5. Well sirs then he gone,
And prouide me thare paysole of Musitians.

Exeunt knights.

Eates the Prince with a dagger in his hand.

108 Hen.4. Come my sonne,come on a Gods name,
I know wherefore thy comming is,
Oh my sonne,my sonne,what cause hast cuer bene,
That thou shouldest forslake me , and follow this vilde and
Reprobate company , which abuseth youth so manifely:
Oh my sonne,thou knowest that these thy doings
Will end thy fathers dayes.

He weepes.

112 116 I so,so,my sonne,thou fearest not to approach the presence
of thy sick father,in that disguised sorte,I tel thee my sonne,
that there is never a needle in thy cloke, but it is a prick to
my heart, & never an illat-hole, but it is a hole to my soule;
and wherefore thou bringest that dagger in thy hande I
know not, but by conjecture.

He weepes.

120 Hen.5. My cōscience accuseth me,most soueraign Lord,
and welbeloved fathur , to answere first to the last point,
That

Sc. VI.

That is, whereas you conjecture that this hand and this
 dagger shall be armde against your life : no, know my be-
 loued father, far be the thoughts of your sonne, sonne said
 I, an vnwoorthie sonne soz so good a father: but farre be the
 thoughts of any such pretended mischiese:and I most hum-
 bly render it to your Maiesties hand, and live my Lord and
 soueraigne soz euer:and with your dagger arme shew like
 vengeance vpon the bodie of that your sonne, I was about
 say and dare not, ah woe is me therefore, that your wilde
 slauie ,tis not the Crowne that I come soz , sweete father,
 because I am vnwoorthie, and those vilde & reprobate com-
 pany I abandon, & utterly abolish their company soz euer.
 Pardon sweete father,pardon: the least thing and most de-
 sire:and this ruffianly cloake,I here teare from my backe,
 and sacrifice it to the diuel,which is maister of al mischiese:
 Pardon me,sweete father,pardon me : god my Lord of Exe-
 ter speak soz me:pardon me,pardon good father,not a word:
 ah he wil not speak one word:A Harry ,now thrice vnhap-
 pie Harry .But what shal I do: I wil go take me into some
 solitarie place, and there lament my sinfull life, and when
 I haue done,I wil late me downe and die.

Exit.

Hen.4. Call him againe,call my sonne againe.

144

Hen.5. And doth my father call me againe:now Harry,
 Happie be the time that thy father calleth thee againe.Hen.4. Stand vp my son, and do not think thy father,
 But at the request of thee my sonne I wil pardon thee,
 And God blesse thee, and make thee his servant.

148

Hen.5. Thanks god my Lord, & no doubt but this day,
 Euen this day,I am boone new againe.Hen.4. Come my son and Lords,take me by the hands.
 Exeunt omnes.

152

Enter Dericke.

Der. Thou art a stinking whore, & a whoreson stinking
 Doest thinke ile take it at thy hands? (whore,

C 3

Enter

Sc. VII.

Sc. VII.

Enter John Cobler running,

John. Derick,D.D.Hearesta,
Do D, never while thou liuest use that,
Why what wil my neigbores say, and thou go away so?
Der. Shees a narrant whore, and Ile haue the lawe on
you John.

John. Why what hath she done?
Der. Harry marke thou John.

I wil proue it that I wil.

John. What wilt thou proue?
Der. That she cald me in to dinner.

John, marke the tale wel John, and when I was set,
She brought me a dish of rotes, and a peice of barrel butter
therein: and she is a verie knaue,
And thou a dzbab if thou take her part.

John. Hearesta Dericke, is this the matter?
Say, and it be no worse, we wil go home againe,
And all shall be amended.

Der. Wh John, hearesta John, is all well?
John. I, all is wel.

Der. Then ile go home besoore, and b^ecause all the glasse
windowes.

Enter the King with his Lords.

Hen.4. Come my Lords, I see it bootes me not to take
any phisick, for all the Phisitians in the world cannot cure
me, no not one. But god my Lords, remmber my last
wil and Testamant concerning my sonne, for truly my
Lordes, I do not thinke but he wil prove as valiant and
victorios a King, as euer raigned in England.

Both. Let heauen and earth be witnesse betwene vs, if
we accomplish not thy wil to the vttermost.

Hen.4. I gine you most unsained thaks, god my lords,
Draw the Curtaines and depart my chamber a while,
And cause some Musick to rocke me a sleepe.

He sleepeth.

(Exeunt Lords.
Enter

Sc. VIII.

Enter the Prince.

Hen.5. Ah Harry, thrice unhappie, that hath neglect so long from visiting of thy sickle father, I wil goe, nay but why do I not go to the Chamber of my sick father, to comfort the melancholy soule of his bodie, his soule said I, here is his bodie indeed, but his soule is, where as it needs no bodie. Now thrice accursed Harry, that hath offended thy father so much, and could not I crave pardon for all. Oh my dying father, curse be the day wherin I was borne, and accursed be the houre wherin I was begosten, but what shal I do: if weeping teares which come too late, may suffice the negligence neglected to some, I wil weepe day and night until the fountaine be dry with weeping.

Exit.

Enter Lord of Exeter and Oxford.

Exe. Come easly my Lord, for wakynge of the King.

Hen.4. Pow my Lords.

Oxf. How doth your Grace feele your selfe?

Hen.4. Somewhile better after my slape,
But god my Lordes take off my Crowne,
Remoue my chaire a litle backe, and set me right.

Ambo. And please your grace, the crown is take away.

Hen.4. The Crowne taken away,
God my Lord of Oxford, ge see who hath done this deed:
No doubt tis some vilde traitor that hath done it,
To depouye my sonne, they that would do it now,
Would seeke to scrape and scrawle for it after my death.

Enter Lord of Oxford with the Prince.

Oxf. Here and please your Grace,
Is my Lord the yngry Prince with the Crowne.

Hen.4. Why how now my sonne?
I had thought the last time I had you in schoolding,
I had ginen you a lesson for all,
And do you now begin agayne?
Why tel me my sonne,

Durst

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Sc. VIII.

44 Dost thou thinke the tyme so long,
 That thou wouldest haue it before the
 Breath be out of my mouth?

48 Hen.5. Most soueraign Lord, and welbeloued father,
 I came into your Chamber to comfort the melancholy
 Soule of your bodie, and finding you at that time
 Past all recoverie, and dead to my thinking,
 God is my witnesse; and what shold I do,
 But with weeping tears lament y death of you my father,
 And after that, seeing the Crowne, I tooke it;
 And tel me my father, who myght better take it then I,
 After your death? but seeing you live,
 I most humbly render it into your Maiesties hands,
 And the happiest man alive, that my father live;
 And live my Lord and Father, for ever.

52 Hen.4. Stand vp my sonne,
 Thine answere hath sounded wel in mine eares,
 For I must need confesse that I was in a very sound sleep,
 And al togither unmindful of thy comming:
 But come neare my sonne,
 And let me put thee in possession whilist I live,
 That none deprive thee of it after my death.

56 Hen.5. Well may I take it at your maiesties hands,
 But it shal never touch my head, so long as my father lives.

60 He taketh the Crowne:

64 Hen.4. God give thee toy my sonne,
 God blesse thee and make thee his seruant,
 And send thee a prosperous raigne.
 For God knowes my sonne, how hardly I came by it,
 And how hardly I have maintained it.

68 Hen.5. Howsoever you came by it, I know not,
 But now I haue it from you, and from you I wil keepe it:
 And he that seekes to take the Crowne from my head,
 Let him looke that his armour be thicker then mine,
 Or I will pearce him to the heart,

72 Were

Were it harder then brasse or bollion,

Hen.4. Nobly spoken, and like a King.

Now trust me my Lords, I feare not but my sonne
Will be as warlike and victorius a Prince,
As euer raignid in England.

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L. Ambo. His former life shewes no lesse.

Hen.4. Wel my lords, I know not whether it be for sleep,
Or drawing neare of drowsie summer of death,
But I am verie much giuen to sleepe,
Therefore god my Lords and my sonne,
Draw the Curtaines, depart my Chamber,
And cause some Musick to rocke me a sleepe.

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Exeunt omnes.

The King dieth.

Sc. IX.

Enter the Theefe.

Theefe. Ah God, I am now much like to a Bird
Whiche hath escaped out of the Cage,
For so soone as my Lord chiese Justice heard
That the old King was dead, he was glad to let me go,
For feare of my Lord the yong Prince;
w^tin here comes some of his companions,
I wil see and I can get any thing of them,
For old acquaintance.

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Enter Knights raunging.

Tom. Gogs wounds, the King is dead.

Ioc. Dead, then gogs blood, we shall be all kings.

Ned. Gogs wounds, I shall be Lord chiese Justice
Of England.

12

Tom. Why how, are you broken out of prison?

Ned. Gogs wounds, how the villaine stinkes,

Ioc. Why what wil become of thee now?

Fie vpon him, how the rascall stinkes.

16

Theef. Marry I wil go and serve my maister againe.

Tom. Gogs blood, dost think that he wil haue any such
Scab'd knave as thou art? what man he is a king now.

D

Ned.

Sc. IX.

20 Ned. Hold thē, heres a couple of Angels for thē,
 And get thē gone, for the King wil not be long
 Before he come this way:
 And hereafter I wil tel the king of thē.

Exit Theefe.

24 Ioc. Oh how it did me good, to see the king
 When he was crowned:
 He thought his seate was like the figure of heauen,
 And his person like unto a God.

28 Ned. But who would haue thought,
 That the king would haue changde his countenance so?

Ioc. Did you not see with what grace
 He sent his embassage into France: to tel the French king
 That Harry of England had sent for the Crowne,
 And Harry of England wil haue it.

Tom. But twas but a litle to make the people belieue,
 That he was sorry for his fathers death.

The Trumpet sounds.

36 Ned. Gogs wounds, the king comes,
 Lets all stand aside.

Enter the King with the Archishop, and
 the Lord of Oxford.

Ioc. How do you my Lord?

Ned. How now Harry?

40 But my Lord, put away these dumpes,
 You are a king, and all the realme is yours:
 What man, do you not remember the old sayings,
 You know I must be Lord chiefe Justice of England,
 Trust me my lord, me thinks you are very much changed,
 And tis but with a litle sorrowing, to make folkes belieue
 The death of your father grieues you,
 And tis nothing so.

48 Hen.5. I prethee Ned, mend thy maners,
 And be more moderat in thy farnies,
 For my bnesned greene is not to be ruled by thy flatteryng
 And

And dissembling talke, thou saft I am changed,
So I am indeed, and so must thou be, and that quickly,
Or else I must cause thee to be chaunged.

Ioc. Goghs wounes how like you this?
Downards tis not so sweete as Musickē.

Tom. I trust we haue not offended your grace no way.

Hen. 5. Ah Tom, your former life greeues me,
And makes me to abando & abolish your company for ever
And therfore not vpon pain of death to approch my presences
By ten miles space, then if I heare wel of you,
It may be I wil do somewhat for you,
Otherwise looke for no more fauour at my hands,
Then at any other mans: And therfore be gone,
We haue other matters to talke on.

Exeunt Knights.

Now my god Lord Archbisshop of Canterbury,
What say you to our Embassage into France?

Archb. Your right to the French Crowne of France,
Came by your great grandmother Izabel,
Wife to King Edward the third,
And sister to Charles the French King:
Now if the French king deny it, as likely inough he wil,
Then must you take your sword in hand,
And conquer the right.

Let the blurped Frenchman know,
Although your predecessors haue let it passe, you wil not:
For your Country men are willing with purse and men,
To aide you.

Then my god Lord, as it hath bene alwaies kniwone,
That Scotland hath bene in league with France,
By a sort of pensions which yearly come from thence,
I thinke it therfore best to conquere Scotland,
And the I think that you may go moze easily into France:
And this is all that I can say, My god Lord, Canterbury.

Hen. 5. I thanke you, my god lord Archbisshop of Can-

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Sc. IX.

What say you my god Lord of Oxford?

Oxf. And And please your Maiestie,
 I agree to my Lord Archbisshop, saving in this,
 He that wil Scotland win, must first with France begin:
 According to the old saying. (France,
 Therefore my god Lord, I thinke it best first to invade
 For in conquering Scotland, you conquer but one,
 And conquerre France, and conquerre both.

Enter Lord of Exeter.

Exe. And please your Maiestie,
 My Lord Embassadoz is come out of France.

Hen.5. Now trust me my Lord,
 He was the last man that we talked of,
 I am glad that he is come to resolute vs of our answere,
 Commit him to our presence.

Enter Duke of Yorke.

York. God save the life of my soueraign Lord the king.
 Hen.5. Now my god Lord the Duke of Yorke,
 What newes from our brother the French King?

Yorke. And please your Maiestie,
 I deliuered him my Embassage,
 Wherof I tooke some deliberation,
 But for the answere he hath sent,
 My Lord Embassadoz of Burges, the Duke of Burgony,
 Monsieur le Cole, with two hundred and fiftie horsemen,
 To bring the Embassage.

Hen.5. Commit my Lord Archbisshop of Burges
 Into our presence.

Enter Archbisshop of Burges.

Now my Lord Archbisshop of Burges,
 We do learne by our Lord Embassadoz,
 That you haue our message to do
 From our brother the French King:
 Here my god Lord, according to our accustomed order,
 We give you free libertie and license to speake,

With

With god audience.

Archb. God sauе the myghtie King of England,
My Lord and maister, the most Christian king,
Charles the seventh, the great & myghtie king of France,
As a most noble and Christian king,
Not minding to shed innocent blood, is rather content
To yeld somewhat to your unreasonable demands,
That if fiftie thousand crownes a yare with his daughter
The said Ladie Katheren, in marriage,
And some crownes which he may wel spare,
Not hurting of his kingdome,
He is content to yeld so far to your unreasonable desire.

Hen. 5. Why then belike your Lord and maister,
Thinks to paffe me vp with fifty thousand crowns a yere,
No tell thy Lord and maister,
That all the crownes in France shall not serue me,
Except the Crowne and kingdome it selfe:
And perchance hereafter I wil hauē his daughter.

He deliuereþ a Tunane of Tennis balles.

Archb. And it please your Maiestie,
My Lord Prince Dolphin greets you well,
With this present.

He deliuereþ a Tunne of Tennis Balles.

Hen. 5. What a guilded Tunne?
I pray you my Lord of Yorke, loke what is in it?

Yorke. And it please your Grace,
Here is a Carpet and a Tunne of Tennis balles.

Hen. 5. A Tunne of Tennis balles?
I pray you god my Lord Archbifhop,
What might the meaning thereof be?

Archb. And it please you my Lord,
A messenger you know, ought to keepe close his mesſage.
And specially an Embassadoꝝ.

Hen. 5. But I know that you may declare your message
To a king, the law of Armes allowes no leſſe.

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Sc. IX.

Archb. My Lord hearing of your wildnesse before your
 Fathers death, sent you this my god Lord,
 Meaning that you are more fitter for a Tennis Court
 Then a field, and more fitter for a Carpet then the Camp.

152 Hen. 5. My lord prince Dolphin is very pleasant with
 But tel him, that in stead of balles of leather, (me:
 We wil losse hym balles of brasle and yron,
 Pea such balles as never were lost in France,
 The proudest Tennis Court shall rue it.

156 I and thou Prince of Burges shall rue it.
 Wherefore get thys hence, and tel him thy message quickly,
 Least I be there before thee. Away prest, be gone.

160 Archb. I beseech your grace, to deliuer me your safe
 Conduct vnder your broad seale Emanuel.

164 Hen. 5. Priest of Burges, know,
 That the hand and seale of a King, and his word is all one,
 And in stead of my hand and seale,
 I will bring him my hand and sword:
 And tel thy lord & maister, that I Harry of England said it,
 And I Harry of England, wil perfoyme it.
 My Lord of Yorke, deliuer hym our safe conduct,
 Vnder our broad seale Emanuel.

172 Exeunt Archbishop, and the Duke of Yorke.
 Now my Lords, to Armes, to Armes,
 For I vow by heauen and earth, that the proudest
 French man in all France, shall rue the time that euer
 These Tennis balles were sent into England.
 176 My Lord, I wil y there be prouided a great Rauey of shippes,
 With all sped, at South-Hampton,
 For there I meane to ship my men,
 For I wold be there before him, if it were possible,
 Theretore come, but staine,
 I had almost forgot the chiefeſt thing of all, with chafing
 With this French Embassauoy.
 Call in my Lord chiefe Justice of England.

Enter

Enters Lord chief Justice of England.

Exe. Here is the King my Lord.

184

Justice. God preserue your Maiestie.

Hen. 5. Why how now my lord, what is the matter?

188

Justice. I would it were vnknowne to your Maiestie.

Hen. 5. Why what alle you?

192

Iust. Your Maiestie knoweth my griefe well.

Hen. 5. Oh my Lord, you remember you sent me to the

196

Fleete, did you nat?

Iust. I trust your grace hane forgotten that.

Hen. 5. I truly my Lord, and for reuengement,

I haue chosen you to be my Protector ouer my Realme,

Until it shall please God to gine me spedie returme

Dut of France.

Iust. And if it please your Maiestie, I am far vnwoorthie
Of so high a dignitie.

Hen. 5. But my Lord, you are not vnwoorthie,

200

Because I thinke you iwertie:

For you that would not spare me,

I thinke will not spare another,

It must needs be so, and therefore come,

Let vs be gone, and get our men in a readinesse.

204

Exeunt omnes.

Sc. X.

Enter a Capraine, John Cobler and his wife.

Cap. Come, come, there's no remedie,

Thou must needs serue the King.

4

John. God maister Capraine let me go,

I am not able to go so farre.

Wife. I pray you god maister Capraine,

Be god to my husband.

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Cap. Why I am sure he is not so god to serue þ king:

John. Alasse no: but a great deale too bad,

Therefore I pray you let me go.

Cap. No, no, thou shalt go.

John

Sc. X.

John. Oh sir, I haue a great many shooes at home to
Cobble.

Wife. I pray you let him go home againe.

Cap. Tush I care not, thou shalt go.

John. Oh wife, and you had beeene a louing wife to me,
This had not bene, for I haue said many times,
That I would go away, and now I must go
Against my will.

He weepeth.

Enters Dericke.

Der. How now ho, Basillus Manus, for an old codpece,
Maister Captaine shall we away?
Howdys how now John, what a crying?
What make you and my dame there?
I maruell whose head you will thow the stoles at,
Now we are gone.

Wife. Ile tell you, come ye cloghead,
What do you with my portid? heare you,
Will you haue it rapt about your pate?

She beateth him with her portid.

Der. Oh god dame, here he shakes her,
And I had my dagger here, I wold woxie you al to peices
That I wold.

Wife. Wold you so, Ile trie that.

She beateth him.

Der. Maister Captaine will ye suffer her?
Go too dame, I will go backe as far as I can,
But and you come againe,
Ile clap the law on your backe thats flat:
Ile tell you maister Captaine what you shall do:
Presse her for a souldier, I warrant you,
She will do as much god as her husband and I too.

Enters the Theefe.

Solynes, who comes yonder?

Cap. How now good fellow, doest thou want a maister?
Theefe.

- Theefe. I truly sir.
 Cap. Hold ther then, I presse thee for a souldier,
 To serue the King in France.
 Der. How now Gads, what doest knowes thinkest :
 Theefe. I, I knew thee long ago.
 Der. Heare you maister Captaine ?
 Cap. What saist thou ?
 Der. I pray you let me go home againe.
 Cap. Why what wouldst thou do at home ?
 Der. Harry I haue brought two shirts with me,
 And I would carry one of them home againe,
 For I am sure heele steale it from me,
 He is such a fliching fellow.
 Cap. I warrant thee he wil not steale it from thee,
 Come lets away.
 Der. Come maister Captaine lets away,
 Come follow me.
 John. Come wife,lets part louingly.
 Wife. Farewell god husband.
 Der. Fie what a kissing and crying is here !
 Sownes, do ye thinke he wil never come againe ?
 Why John come away, doest thinke that we are so base
 Minded to die among French men ?
 Sownes, we know not whether they will laie
 Us in their Church or no : Come M. Captain, lets away.
 Cap. I cannot staine no longer, therefore come away.

Exeunt omnes.

- Enter the King, Prince Dolphin, and Lord
 high Constable of France.
 King. Now my Lord high Constable,
 What say you to our Embassage into England ?
 Const. And it please your Maiestie, I can say nothing,
 Until my Lords Embassadors be come home,
 But yet me thinkes your grace hath done well,
 To get your men in so god a readinesse,

For feare of the wort.

King. I my Lord we haue some in a readinesse,
But if the King of England make against vs,
We must haue thrice so many moe.

Dolphin. But my Lord, although the King of England
Be young and wilde headed, yet neuer thinke he will be so
Unwise to make batteil against the mightie King of
France.

King. Oh my sonne, although the King of England be
Young and wilde headed, yet neuer thinke but he is ruled
By his wise Councelloz.

Enter Archbishop of Burges.

Archb. God save she life of my soueraign lord the king.

King. Now my god Lord Archbishop of Burges,
What newes from our brother the English King?

Archb. And please your Majestie,
He is so far from your expectation,
That nothing wil serue him but the Crowne
And kingdome it selfe, besides, he bad me haste quickly,
Leas he be there before me, and so far as I heare,
He hath kept promise, for they say, he is alreadie landed
At Kidcocks in Normandie, vpon the Riuier of Sene,
And laid his siege to the Garrison Towne of Harflew.

King. You haue made great haste in the meane time,
Hane you not?

Dolphin. I pray you my Lord, how did the King of
England take my presents?

Archb. Truly my Lord, in verie ill part,
For these your balles of leather,
He will tolle you balles of brashe and yron:
Trust me my Lord, I was verie affraide of him,
He is such a hautie and high minded Prince,
He is as fierce as a Lyon.

Con. Tush, we wil make him as tame as a Lambe,
I warrant you.

Enters

J
Enter a Messenger.

Messen. God sauе the myghtie King of France.

King. Now messenger, what newes?

Messen. And it please your Maiestie,

I come from your poore distressed Towne of Harflew,

44

Which is so beset on every side,

If your Maiestie do not send present aide,

The Towne will be yelded to the English King.

48

King. Come my Lords, come, shall we stand still

Till our Country be spoyled vnder our noses?

My Lords, let the Normans, Brabantians, Picardies,

And Danes, be sent for with all spedee:

52

And you my Lord high Constable, I make Generall

Duer all my whole Armie.

Monsieur le Colle, Maister of the Woas,

Signior Deuens, and all the rest, at your appointment.

56

Dolp. I trusst your Maiestie will bestow,

Some part of the battell on me,

I hope not to present any otherwise then well.

King. I tell thee my sonne,

60

Although I shoulde get the victory, and thou lose thy life,

I shoulde thinke my selfe quite conquered,

And the English men to haue the victorie.

Dol. Why my Lord and father,

64

I would haue the peticke king of England to know,

That I dare encounter him in any ground of the wold.

King. I know well my sonne,

But at this time I will haue it thus:

68

Therefore come away.

Exeunt omnes.

Enters Henry the fift, with his Lords.

Sc. XII.

Hen.5. Come my Lords of England,

No doubt this god lucke of winning this Towne,

Is a signe of an honourable victorie to come.

Sc. XII.

4 But god my Lord, go and speake to the Captaines
 With all sped, to number the hoast of the French men,
 And by that meanes we may the better know
 How to appoint the battell.

8 Yorke. And it please your Maiestie,
 There are many of your men siche and diseased,
 And many of them die for want of victuals.

12 Hen.5. And why did you not tell me of it before?
 If we cannot haue it for money,
 We will haue it by dint of sword,
 The lawe of Armes allow no lesse.

16 Oxf. I beseech your grace, to graunt me a boone,
 Hen.5. What is that my god Lord?

Oxf. That your grace would give me the
 Quantgard in the battell.

20 Hen.5. Trust me my Lord of Oxford, I cannot
 For I haue alreadie giue it to my bneke þ Duke of York,
 Yet I thanke you for your god will.

A Trumpet soundes.
 How now, what is that?

Yorke. I thinke it be some Herald of Armes.

Enters a Herald.

24 Herald. King of England, my Lord high Constable,
 And others of the noble men of France,
 Sends me to defie thee, as open enemy to God,
 Our Countrey, and vs, and hereupon,
 They presently bid thee battell.

28 Hen.5. Herald tell them, that I defie them,
 As open enemies to God, my Countrey, and me,
 And as wronfull vscarpers of my right:
 And whereas thou saist they presently bid me battell,
 Tell them that I thinke they know how to please me:
 But I pray thee what place hath my lord Prince Dolphin
 Here in battell.

32 Herald. And it please your grace,

My Lord and King his father,
Will not let him come into the field.

Hen.5. Why then he doth me great iniurie,
I thought that he & I shuld haue plaide at tennis togither,
Therefore I haue brought tennis balles for him,
But other maner of ones then he sent me.
And Herald, tell my Lord Prince Dolphin,
That I haue inured my hāds with other kind of weapons
Then tennis balles, ere this time a day,
And that he shall finde it ere it be long,
And so adue my friend:
And tell my Lord, that I am readie when he will.

Exit Herald.

Come my Lords, I care not and I go to our Captaines,
And ile see the number of the French army my selfe.
Strike vp the Drumme.

Exeunt omnes.

Enter French Souldiers.

1. Soul. Come away Jack Drummer, come away all,
And me will tel you what me wil doo,
Me wil tro one chance on the dice,
Who shall haue the king of England and his lords.

2. Soul. Come away Jacke Drummer,
And tro your chance, and lay downe your Drumme,
Enter Drummer.

Drum. Oh the braue apparel that the English mans
Hath brod ouer, I wil tel you what
He ha doune, me ha provided a hundredth trunkes,
And all to put the fine parel of the English mans in.

1. Soul. What do thou meane by trunkes?

2. Soul. A chest man, a hundred chests.

1. Soul. A wee, a wee, a wee, Me wil tel you what,
He ha put five shildren out of my house,
And all too little to put the fine apparel of the
English mans in.

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Drum. Oh the braue, the braue apparel that we shall
Haue anon, but come, and you shall see what me wil tra
At the kings Drummer and Fife,
Ha,me ha no god lucke, tro you.

3 .Sol. Faith me wil tro at y Earle of Northumberland
And my Lord a Willowby, with his great horse,
Snoozing, farting, oh braue horse.

1 .Sol. Ha,bur Ladie you ha reasonable god lucke,
Now I wil tro at the king himselfe,
Ha,me haue no god lucke.

Enters a Captaine.

Cap. Now now what make you hers,
So farre from the Campe?

2 Sol. Shal me tel our captain what we haue done herre?
Drum. Awé,awé.

Exeunt Drum, and one Souldier.

2 .Sol. I wil tel you what whe haue done,
We haue bene traying our chance on the Dice,
But none can win the king.

Cap. I think so,why he is left behind soz me,
And I haue set thre o2 fourre chaire makers a worke,
To make a new disguised chaire to set that womanly
King of England in, that all the people may laugh
And scoffe at him.

2 .Soul. Oh braue Captaine.

Cap. I am glad, and yet with a kinde of pittie
To see the poore king:
Why who ever saw a moze flourishing armie in France
In one day,then here is: Are not here all the Peeres of
France? Are not here the Normans with their sircie hanis,
Gunnis, and flauching Curtileares?
Are not here the Barbarians with their bard hoxes,
And lanching speares?
Are not here Pickardes with their Crosbowes & piercing
Dartes,

The

The Hennes with their cutting Glaves and Sharpe
Carbuckles.

Are not here the Lance knights of Burgondie ?
And on the other side, a site of poore English scabs ?
Why take an English man out of his warme bed
And his stale drinke, but one moneth,
And alas what wil become of him ?
But give the Frenchman a Reddish rote,
And he wil live with it all the dayes of his life.

52

56

Exit.

2. Soul. Oh the braue apparel that we shall haue of the
English mans.

(Exit.)

60

Enters the king of England and his Lords.

Hen. 5. Come my Lords and fellowes of armes,
What company is there of the French men ?

4

Oxf. And if please your Maiestie,
Our Captaines haue numbered them,
And so neare as they can iudge,
They are about threescore thousand horsemen,
And soxtie thousand footemen.

8

Hen. 5. They threescore thousand,
And we but two thousand.
They threescore thousand footemen,
And we twelue thousand.

12

They are a hundred thousand,
And we soxtie thousand, ten to one :

My Lords and louing Country men,
Though we be fewe and they many,
Feare not, your quarrel is good, and God wil defend you:
Plucke up your hearts, for this day we shall either haue
A valiant victorie, or a honourable death.

16

Now my Lords, I wil that my uncle the Duke of Yorke,
Haue the auantgard in the battell.

20

The Earle of Darby, the Earle of Oxford,
The Earle of Kent, the Earle of Nottingham,

The

Sc. XIV.

24

The Earle of Huntington, I wil haue beside the army,
 That they may come fresh vpon them.

28

And I my selfe with the Duke of Bedford,
 The Duke of Clarence and the Duke of Gloster,
 Will be in the middle of the battell.

32

Furthermore, I wil that my Lord of Willowby,
 And the Earle of Northumberland,
 With their troupes of horsemen, be continually running like
 Wings on both sides of the army :

36

My Lord of Northumberland, on the left wing
 Then I wil, that every archer prouide him a stake of
 A tree, and sharpe it at both endes,
 And at the first encounter of the horsemen,
 To pitch their stakes downe into the ground before them,
 That they may goze themselves vpon them,
 And then to recoule backe, and shooe wholly altogether,
 And so discomfit them.

40

Oxf. And it please your Maiestie,
 I wil take that in charge, if your grace be therwith content.

Hen. With all my heart, my god Lord of Oxford:
 And go and prouide quickly.

44

Oxf. I thanke your highnesse.

Exit.

Hen. Well my Lords, our battels are ordeneid,
 And the French making of bonfires, and at their bankets,
 But let them looke, for I meane to set vpon them.

The Trumpet soundes.

Hast, heres comes some other French message.

Enters Herauld.

Herald. King of England, my Lord high Constable,
 And other of my Lords, considering the pore estate of thee
 And thy pore Countrey men,
 Sends me to know what thou wilt giue for thy ransome:
 Perhaps thou maist agree better cheape now,
 Then when thou art conquered.

Hen. 5.

Hen.5. Why shen belike your high Constable,
Sends to know what I wil glue for my ransome?
Now trust me Herald,not so much as a tun of tennis bals
No not so much as one pore tennis ball,
Rather shall my bodie lie dead in the field,so fed crows,
Then ener England shall pay one perny ransome
For my bodie.

56

Herald. A kingly resolution.

Hen.5. So Herald,tis a kingly resolution,
And the resolution of a king:
Here take this for thy paines,

60

64

Exit Herald.

But stay my Lords,what time is it?

All. Hame my Lord.

Hen.5. Then is it good time no doubt,
For all England praieth for vs:
What my Lords,me thinks you looke chearfully upon me:
Why then with one voice and like true English hearts,
With me throw vp your caps, and for England,
Cry S. George, and God and S. George helpe vs.

68

72

Strike Drummer. Exeunt omnes.

The French men crie within,S. Dennis,S. Dennis,
Mount Joy S. Dennis.

The Battell.

Enters King of England, and his Lords.
Hen.5. Come my Lords come, by this time our
Swordes are almost drunke with French blod,
But my Lords, which of you can tell me how many of our
Army be slaine in the battell?

Sc. XV.

4

Oxf. And it please your Maiestie,
There are of the French armie slaine,
Aboue ten thousand, twentie five hundred,
Wheresof are Princes and Nobles bearing banners:
Besides, all the Pabilitie of France are taken prisoners.

8

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Sc. XV.

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If your Maiesties Armie, are slaine none but the god Duke of Yorke, and not aboue fiftie or sixtienty Common soldiars.

12 Hen. 5. For the god Duke of Yorke my Uncle,
I am heartily sorry, and greatly lament his misfortune,
Yet the honourable victorie which the Lord hath given vs,
Doth make me much reioyce. But stae,
Here comes another French message.

Sound Trumpet.

Enter a Herald and kneeleth.

Her. God save the life of the most mightie Conqueror,
The honourable king of England.

12 Hen. 5. Now Herald, me thinks the world is changed
With you now, what I am sure it is a great disgrace for a
Herald to kneele to the king of England,
What is thy message?

12 Her. My Lord & maister, the conquered king of France,
Sends thee long health, with heartie greeting.

12 Hen. 5. Heralds, his greetings are welcome,
But I thanke God for my health:
Well Herald, say on.

Herald. He hath sent me to desire your Maiestie,
To give him leaue to go into the field to view his pore
Country men, that they may all be honourably buried.

12 Hen. 5. Why Herald, doth thy Lord and maister
Send to me to burie the dead?
Let him bury them a Gods name,
But I pray thee Herald, where is my Lord hie Constable,
And those that would haue had my ransome?

Herald. And it please your maiestie,
He was slaine in the battell.

12 Hen. 5. Why you may see, you will make your selues
Sure before the victorie be wonne, but Herald,
What Castle is this so neare adioyning to our Campe?

Herald. And it please your Maiestie,

Actis

Sc. XV.

- Tis cald the Castle of Agincourt.
 Hen. 5. Well then my lords of England,
 For the moxe honour of our English men,
 I will that this be soz euer cald the battell of Agincourt.
 Herald. And it please your Maiestie,
 I hane a further message to deliuer to your Maiestie.
 Hen. 5. What is that Herald? say on.
 Her. And it please your Maiestie, my Lord and maister,
 Craues to parley with your Maiestie.
 Hen. 5. With a god will, so some of my Nobles
 Wielv the place for feare of trecherie and treason.
 Herald. Your grace needs not to doubt that.
 Exit Herald.
 Hen. 5. Well, tell him then, I will come.
 Now my lords, I will go into the field my selfe,
 To view my Country men, and to haue them honourably
 Buried, for the French King shall neuer surpassee me in
 Curtesie, whiles I am Harry King of England.
 Come on my lords.

Exeunt omnes.

Enters John Cobler, and Robbin Pewter.

- Robin. Now, John Cobler,
 Didst thou see how the King did behane himselfe?
 John. Wat Robin, didst thou see what a pollicie
 The King had, to see how the French men were kild
 With the stakes of the trees.

- Robin. I John, there was a braue pollicie.
 Enters an English scouldier, roming.

Soul. What are you my maisters?

Both. Why we be English men.

- Soul. Are you English men, then change your language
 For the Kings Tents are set a fire,
 And all they that speake English will be kild.

- John. What shall we do Robin? saith he shifft,
 For I can speake broken French.

F 2

Robin.

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Sc. XVI.

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Sc. XVI.

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Robin. Faith so can I, lets heare how thou canst speake :
 John. Commodouales Monsieur.

Robin. Thats well, come lets be gone.

Drum and Trumpet sounds.

Enters Dericke roming. After him a Frenchman,
 and takes him prisoner.

Dericke. O god Mounser.

French man. Come, come, you villeaco.

Der. O I will sir, I will.

Frenchman. Come quickly you pesant.

Der. I will sir, what shall I give you?

French. Marry thou shalt give me,

Dne, to, tre, four, hundzed Crownes.

Der. Nay sir, I will give you moze,

I will give you as many crowns as wil lie on your sword.

French. Wilt thou give me as many crowns

As will lie on my sword?

Der. I marrie will I, I but you must lay downe your
 sword, or else they will not lie on your sword.

Here the Frenchman laies downe his sword, and
 the clowne takes it vp, and hurles him downe.

Der. Thou villaine, darest thou looke vp?

French. O god Mounser compareue.

Monsieur pardon me,

Der. O you villaine, now you lie at my mercie,
 Doest thou remember since thou lambst me in thy shose? et?
 O villaine, now I will strike off thy head.

Here whiles he turnes his backe, the French
 man runnes his way es.

Der. What is he gone, masse I am glad of it,
 For if he had staid, I was afraid he wold haue sturd again,
 And then I should haue bene spilt,
 But I will away, to kill more Frenchmen.

Enters King of France, King of England,
 and attendants.

Hen.5.

Sc. XVIII.

Hen. 5. Now my god brother of France,
My comming into this land was not to shed blod,
But for the right of my Countrey, which if you can deny,
I am content peaceably to leaue my siege,
And to depart out of your land.

4

Charles. What is it you demand,
My louing brother of England?

8

Hen. 5. My Secretary hath it written, read it.

Secretary. Item, that immediately Henry of England
Be crowned King of France.

12

Charles. A very hard sentence,
My good brother of England.

16

Hen. 5. No more but right, my god brother of France.
French King. Well read on.

Secret. Item, that after the death of the said Henry,
The Crowns remaine to him and his heires for euer.

French King. Why then you do not onely meane to
Dispossesse me, but also my sonne.

20

Hen. 5. Why my god brother of France,
You haue had it long enough :
And as for Prince Dolphin,
It skils not though he sit beside the saddle :
Thus I haue set it downe, and thus it shall be.

24

French King. You are very peremptorie,
My god brother of England.

28

Hen. And you as peruerse, my god brother of France.
Charles. Why then belike, all that I haue here is yours.

Hen. 5. I euen as far as the kingdom of France reaches
Charles. I for by this hote beginning,
We shall scarce bring it to a calme ending.

32

Hen. 5. It is as you please, here is my resolution,
Charles. Well my brother of England,

If you will giue me a copie,
We will mete you againe to morrow.

Exit King of France, and all their attendants.

F 3

Hen. 5.

Sc. XVIII

36 Hen.5. With a god will my god brother of France.
 Secretarie deliver him a coppie.
 My lords of England go before,
 And I will follow you.

Exeunt Lords,

Speakes to himselfe,

40 Hen.5. Ah Harry thaire unhappy Harry.
 Hast thou new conquered the French King,
 And begins a fresh supply with his daughter,
 But with what face canst thou seeke to gaine her loue,
 Which hath sought to win her fathers Crowne ?
 44 Her fathers Crowne said I, no it is mine owne :
 I but I loue her, and must craue her,
 Nay I loue her and will haue her.

Enters Lady Katheren and her Ladies.

But here she comes :

48 How now faire Ladie, Katheren of France,
 What newes ?

52 Kathren. And it please your Maiestie,
 My father sent me to know if you will debate any of these
 Unreasonable demands which you require :

56 Hen.5. Now truff me Kate,
 I command thy fathers wit greatly in this,
 For none in the wozld could sooner haue made me debate it
 If it were possible :
 But tell me sweete Kate, canst thou tell how to loue ?

Kate. I cannot hate my god Lord,
 Wherefore far bifit were it for me to loue.

60 Hen.5. Tush Kate, but tell me in plaine termes,
 Canst thou loue the King of England ?
 I cannot do as these Countries do,
 That spend halfe their time in wroing :
 Tush wench, I am none such,
 But will thou go ouer to England ?

Kate. I would to God, that I had your Maiestie,
 As fast in loue, as you haue my father in warres,

E

I would not vouchsafe so much as one loke,
But till you had related all these unreasonable demands.
 Hen. 5. With Kate, I know thou wouldest not use me so
 Hardly; But tell me, canst thou lene the king of Englaunde?
 Kate. How shold I loue him, that hath dealt so hardly
 With my father.

 Hen. 5. But ile deale as easily with thee,
 As thy heart can imagine, or tongue can require,
 How laist thou, what will it be?

 Kate. If I were of my owne direction,
 I could giv^e you answere:
 But seeing I stand at my fathers direction,
 I must first know his will.

 Hen. 5. But shal I haue thy god wil in the mean season?
 Kate. Whereas I can put your grace in no assurance,
 I would be loth to put you in any dispaire.

 Hen. 5. Now before God, it is a sweete wench.
 She goes aside, and speakes as followeth.

 Kat. I may thinke my selfe the happiest in the world,
 That is beloved of the mightie King of Englaunde.

 Hen. 5. Well Kate, are you at hoast with me?
 Sweete Kate, tel thy father from me,
 That none in the world could sooner haue perswaded me to
 It then shou, and so tel thy father from me.

 Kat. God keepe your Maiestie in god health.

Exit, Kat.

 Hen. 5. Farwel sweete Kate, in faith, it is a sweete wench,
 But if I knew I could not haue her fathers god wil,
 I would so rowse the Tawers ouer his eares,
 That I would make him be glad to bring her me,
 Upon his hands and knees.

Exit King.

Enter Dericke, with his girdle full of shooes.
 Der. Holw now: Holwnes it did me god to see how
 I did triumph over the French men.

Enter

68

72

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96

Enters John Cobler rousing, with a packe full
of apparell.

John. Whope Dericke, how doest thou?

Der. What John, Comedeuales, aline yet.

John. I promise thee Dericke, I scapte hardly,
For I was within halfe a mile when one was kild.

Der. Were you so?

John. I trust me, I had like bene slaine.

Der. But once kild, why it tis nothing,
I was fourre or five times slaine.

John. Fourre or five times slaine.

Why how couldst thou have bene aline now?

Der. O John, never say so,

For I was cald the bloodie souldier amongst them all.

John. Why what didst thou?

Der. Why I will tell thee John,
Every day when I went into the field,
I would take a straw and thrust it into my nose,
And make my nose bleed, and then I wold go into the field,
And when the Captaine saw me, he wold say,
Peace a bloodie souldier, and bid me stand aside,
Whereof I was glad:

But marke the chance John.

I went and stood behinde a treé, but marke then John,
I thought I had beene safe, but on a sodaine,
There steps to me a luttie tall French man,
How he drew, and I drew,
How I lay here, and he lay there,
How I set this leg before, and turned this backward,
And I skipped quite ouer a hedge,
And he saw me no more there that day,
And was not this well done John?

John. Masse Dericke, thou hast a wittie head.

Der. I John, thou maist see, if thou hadst take my couisel,
But what hast thou there?

I thinke

I thinke thou hast bene robbing the French men.

36

John. I faith Dericke, I haue gotten some reparrell
To carry honie to my wife.

Der. And I haue got some shwoes,

40

For ile tel thet what I did, when they were dead,
I would go take off all their shwoes.

John. I but Dericke, how shall we get home ?

Der. Nay sownds, and they take thet,

44

They wil hang thet,

¶ John, never do so, if it be thy fortune to be hangd,
We hangd in thy owne language whatsoeuer thou doest.

John. Why Dericke the warres is done,

48

We may go home now.

Der. I but you may not go before you aske the king leauie,
But I know a way to go home, and aske the king no leauie.

John. How is that Dericke ?

52

Der. Why John, thou knowest the Duke of Yorkes
Funerall must be carried into England, doest thou not ?

John. I that I do.

56

Der. Why then thou knowest welle go with it.

John. I but Dericke, how shall we do so to meet them ?

Der. Sownds if I make not shift to meet them, hang me.

Sirra, thou knowest that in every Toun there wil

We ringing, and there wil be cakes and drinke,

60

Now I wil go to the Clarke and Herton

And keepe a talking, and say, ¶ this fellow rings well,

And thou shalt go and take a peice of cake, then ile ring,

And thou shalt say, oh this fellow kēpes a god stint,

And then I will go drinke to thet all the way :

64

But I maruel what my dame wil say when we come home,

Because we haue not a French word to cast at a Dog

By the way:

John. Why what shall we do Dericke ?

68

Der. Why John, ile go before and call my dame whore,

And thou shalt come after and set fire on the house,

G

We

Sc. XIX

72

We may do it Iohn, so Ie prove it,
Because we be souldiers.

The Trumpets sound.

Iohn. Dericke helpe me to carry my shooes and bootes.

Sc. XX.

4

Enters King of England, Lord of Oxford and Exeter, then
the King of France, Prince Dolphin, and the Duke of
Burgondic, and attendants.

8

Hen.5. Now my god brother of France,
I hope by this time you haue deliberated of your answere:
Fr.King. I my welbeloued brother of England,
We haue viewed it ouer with our learned Councell,
But cannot finde that you shold be crowned
King of France.

12

Hen.5. What not King of France, then nothing,
I must be King: but my louing brother of France,
I can hardly forget the late iniuries offered me,
When I came last to parley,
The French men had better a raked
The bowels out of their fathers carcasses,
When to haue fiered my Tentes,
And if I knew thy sonne Prince Dolphin soone,
I woud so rowle him, as he was never so rowled.

16

Fr.King. I dare sware for my sonnes innocencie
In this matter.
But if this please you, that immedately you be
Proclaimed and crowned heire and Regent of France,
Not King, because I my selfe was once crowned King.

20

Hen.5. Heire and Regent of France, that is well,
But that is not all that I must haue.

24

Fr.King. The rest my Secretary hath in writing.
Secret. Item, that Henry King of England,
Be Crowned heire and Regent of France,
During the life of King Charles, and after his death,

The

The Crowne with all rights, to remaine to King Henry
Of England, and to his heires for ever.

28

Hen.5. Well my god brother of France,
There is one thing I must needs desire.

Fr. King. What is that my god brother of England?

Hen.5. That all your Nobles must be swozne to be true
to me.

32

Fr. King. Whereas they haue not stukke with greater
Matters, I know they wil not sticke with such a trifle,
Begin you my Lord Duke of Burgondie.

36

Hen.5. Come my Lord of Burgondie,
Take your oath vpon my sword.

Burgon. I Philip Duke of Burgondie,
Swear to Henry King of England,
To be true to him, and to become his league-man,
And that if I Philip, haire of any foraigne power
Comming to invade the said Henry or his heires,
Then I the said Philip to send him woorde,
And aide him with all the power I can make,
And thereunto I take my oath.

40

44

He kissteth the sword.

Hen.5. Come Prince Dolphin, you must swearre so.

He kissteth the sword.

Hen.5. Well my brother of France,
There is one thing more I must needs require of you.

48

Fr. King. Wherin is it that we may satisfie your

Hen.5. A trifle my god brother of France. (Haiesse?)
I meane to make your daughter Queene of England,
If she be willing, and you therewith content:
How laist thou Kate, canst thou loue the King of England?

52

Kate. How shold I loue th'x, which is my fathers enemy?

Hen.5. But stand not vpon these points,
Tis you must make vs friends:

56

I know Kate, thou art not a little proud, that I loue thee:
What wench, the King of England!

Fier

Sc. XX.

60

French King. Daughter let nothing stand betwixt the
King of England and thē, agree to it.

64

Kate. I had best whilst he is willing,
Least when I would, he will not:
I rest at your Majesties command.

68

Hen. 5. Welcome sweet Kate, but my brother of France,
What say you to it?

French king. With all my heart I like it,
But when shall be your wedding day?

Hen. 5. The first Sunday of the next moneth,
God willing.

Sound Trumpets.

Exeunt omnes.

F I N I S.



